

In the Realm of Woman

By PENELOPE

Mr. Whitney Lister has returned from a visit to Toronto.

Mrs. P. T. Batchelor has returned to the city from a short trip to friends in Yorkton, Saskatchewan.

Mr. James Blest has returned to town from Ottawa, where he spent Christmas.

Mr. and Mrs. Jocelyn Pirie have returned to their home in the west where they spent the Christmas holidays.

Mrs. Martin (Macdonald) arrives in town on Thursday morning, to be the guest of Mrs. Macdonald.

Mrs. Macdonald is entertaining at a small matinee bridge on Saturday, in honor of Mrs. Martin.

"B" Squadron, 13th Dragoons, Edmonton Royal, will be giving a Christmas party in the new armories, Edmonton South.

Miss Fletcher has returned from Clover Hat, where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Bremner, for the last two weeks. She will resume her classes in painting, bring china, etc.

Mrs. Becher was the hostess of a pretty series on Tuesday evening in honor of Misses Edington and Miss Ailes. Cameron. A profusion of yellow tulips graced the tables.

The guests included Miss Edmonton, Mrs. Edmonton, Mrs. D. J. MacNamee, Mrs. McDonald, Mrs. D. R. Fraser, Miss Goudie, Miss Mary and Miss Emily Stratford.

Mrs. Galloway was the hostess of a luncheon party yesterday in honor of Miss Goudie. Guests of red and yellow tulips decorated the tables.

The hostess wore soft, warm, nothing but white garments.

The guests included Mrs. Dickins, Miss Goudie, Mrs. Becher, Mrs. Turner, Miss Emily and Miss Mary Macduff, Macduff.

Madame Gauvin, Winnipeg, who came into town Tuesday to the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Nash, made a short call on Mrs. Goudie, who left town yesterday for her sister, Mrs. Ashton, St. Albert.

On her return to Winnipeg, Madame Gauvin will be staying with her nieces, Misses Alice and Letitia, whose friends are delighted to know that she is regaining her strength rapidly after her operation.

The first curling of the seas of the season was a very lively affair, a good match being played, resulting in victory for Mrs. Cairns' team over Mrs. Goudie's.

Mr. and Mrs. Barnes, the busines, enjoyed tea and coffee.

The guests included Mrs. Bremner, Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. Ailes, Mrs. Macduff, Mrs. Cameron, Mrs. Bishop, Mrs. Wooster, Miss Trotter, Miss Archibald, Miss Emily, Miss Mary, Miss Emily, Miss Grindley and others.

SHOULD PHOTO COSTUME.

The following appears in an English paper weekly:

"It is not so very long ago, to the day, that we had certain smartness and restaurants barring the admittance of ladies. Now, however, it is the ladies who do not enter. I remember that the nurses were very dignified and, naturally, but not very attractive. They were the only ones of the fact, the present non-registration of nurses uniforms makes them look like a very poor class. They are, for a particular kind of adventures, and these failed nurses became so common that the world got tired of them. The managers were really hitting at them as a class, and not at individuals, when they put up the notice. It remains a crying disgrace to our hospital system that this underhand procedure is still continuing miserably."

W.M.S. Reception.

The W.M.S. "home," held on Saturday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Kinney, Formosa, proved a definite gathering point for the intense cold and delayed-car service. Many ladies joined these discussions in the hall of the University of Alberta, and the W.M.S. of Alberta, taking charge of the meeting. Miss Lakes spoke on the



A USEFUL GOWN—Of batiste's green face cloth, combined with blue and green satin silk.

Pretty Gaiety Girl Captures a Coronet

London, Jan. 12.—Miss Olive May, a pretty and popular girl, will be married Tuesday to Lord Victor William Paquet, broker and heir presumptive of the Paquet fortune, and the last one bought at the Empire theatre. That English girl, who has not been to England, but has won the hearts of all here, has courted her devotedly for a year, and little Miss Paquet has broken the engagement twice. For she insisted that unless his family received her on terms equal to her own, she would never marry him.

She has now given in, and the wedding will be held at the church of St. George, in the heart of the West End, on Saturday afternoon.

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the number of letter-carriers on the South Side, where the letter carrying service was not introduced until 1907, will have to be increased almost immediately. In order to make a start the post office officials sent out by the carriers as many letters as possible, and the result was that they were mostly addressed generally.

The postmaster stated yesterday that large routes will have to be cut up into a large number of smaller routes, each with a different carrier.

It is interesting to recall the fact that the letter-carrying system on the North Side was inaugurated on June 3rd, 1897, a start later made with seven carriers, as is the case on the south side. The number of carriers on the North Side, however, is growing very rapidly. In May last there were 24 carriers on the north side, while on the south side there were 18.

Additional carriers were put on just before Christmas, and Postmaster is asking for six more north side carriers.

The report of the department of agriculture and immigration was laid on the table.

The report shows among other things that large quantities of butter, milk and cream were imported into Winnipeg last year.

Captured After Long Chase.

Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—This afternoon in the legislature two government members and two members of the opposition sat down in the centre. E. H. Baldwinson, government, presented a mass of figures on the growth of the province during the last 12 years.

C. D. McPherson, Liberal, gave attention to comparative education, telephones, elevators and direct legal training on the bill.

The speaker commented the government on the selection it had made in Judge Robson as public utility commissioner. He said with the Macdonald election charges that the government has been unable to get along which will leave the fence at a height of seven feet apart, and are about three feet apart from the fence posts. Train rails have been made three feet high and about four inches apart, and the cattle have been provided with salt troughs.

To Increase Elevator Capacity.

Fort William, Jan. 15.—The Western Terminal Elevator company will increase the capacity of the elevator by 1,000 bushels.

W. C. MacPherson, president, told yesterday that the elevator would not stand for a minute in a court of law, and that the other elevators in the city would rest the rest of the men other than Sifton.

The other speakers were L. M. McPherson, mayor, and Dr. Armstrong for the opposition.

During the course of the session,

More Letter Carriers are Needed in City Immediately

Service on North Side Was Started Five and Half Years Ago With Seven Men and Fifty Men Are Now Required—South Side System Inaugurated.

FEEDING LIVE STOCK

This is the title of a bulletin No. 15, issued recently, by G. D. Johnson, B. A., supervisor of live stock experiments at Lacoste, issued under the auspices of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The bulletin describes the methods followed in a series of steer-feeding experiments to feature of the work up to date, and the success attained in fattening cattle with grain and grain-mash, which is bound to be interesting to western farmers who may not be in a position to invest capital in live stock.

Live stock, it is pointed out, are not as critical in the quality of the feed as are other animals, the voters, and are quite willing and able to consume low-grade grains and transforms them into high-grade meat.

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Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—After a chase of more than six years and extending from the United States to the West, W. C. Proctor, wanted on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences, was captured yesterday at Victoria, B. C., awaiting deportation back here. Chief of Police Doctor

of Victoria, and Postmaster, was asked to see him.

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recently erected, was the first to be provided with salt troughs.

After the salt troughs were put in, the cattle were provided with salt troughs.

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MORNING EDITION

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 16, 1913.

THE ELEVATOR QUESTION.

A few days ago a despatch stated that the Provincial Government of Alberta had made up its mind to make an arrangement with the Grain Growers' Grain Company, by which the Province would guarantee the bonds of the company to the extent of one million dollars, and the company would erect some sixty elevators in the Province. Mr. J. D. Miller, of the Provincial government, deny that any such arrangement has been made or is under contemplation, though not denying it and other schemes have been considered by the Government as a means of meeting the demand of the farmers in relation to the elevators and grain-marketing.

The despatch may have originated with some one who desired to force the Government's hand in his own interest, or with one who wanted to set up a target at which to throw political bricks. The readiness and unanimity with which the Opposition newspapers heralded this scheme suggests that the latter alternative is as likely to be correct as the former. It may also be taken to indicate an unwillingness on the part of that section of the press that anything should be done which would bring a competitor into the field, and still one which could not be followed indefinitely without involving danger. If the bonds of one trading company were guaranteed, how could a guarantee be refused another company upon equal security? And if a guarantee were given to one company, how could it be reasonably refused to companies handling or proposing to handle other kinds of farm produce? Where, either in amount or in variety, would the demand for guarantees end? Hitherto the credit of the Province has been loaned to private interests, but only to facilitate the construction of railways. The railway being a common carrier it cannot be urged that a loan of credit for this purpose is a favor extended to any particular class in the community, instead of being for the general advantage of all. And even to secure the vital needs of railroads the public will not be compelled only as a means of necessity and because the facilities cannot be secured without it. It is admitted, though, that even to secure railway construction the Provincial credit must be loaned with discretion, and only upon the most unquestionable security. If we are asked to give up our credit, it is obviously necessary that we exercise the utmost caution in lessening the value of our credit, by restricting its use to the one purpose to which it has been devoted, and by exercising prudence as to what extent it is involved even in this line of enterprise.

The plan suggested is not by any means the only one available for accomplishing the end toward which the farmers have been working. The Saskatchewan Government adopted some years ago a plan under which a large number of elevators had been built with state aid, and the working very satisfactorily. That scheme has now been in operation long enough for defects to have made themselves apparent, and if adopted by this Province the good features of the scheme could be preserved and means taken to avoid the undesirable ones. It is evident that the arrangement of the farmers of any community who desire to band together to erect an elevator are assisted financially by an advance of money. The elevator is controlled by the farmers who have clubbed together to build it, and who are thus free to manage it in whatever way they see fit to promote their local or collective interests. The Government is guaranteed against its liability by the elevator and also by whatever collateral security may be required from those interested in the enterprise. The elevators are farmer-owned in the plainest and most direct meaning of the term. The scheme, amended in

all identical with it. The company does not buy grain, but markets grain for the farmer on a commission basis, though there is presumably no reason why it should not be converted into a grain elevator. The majority of the stockholders thought that the more profitable course outside the Province of Alberta and in the nature of things must be. A guarantee of the bonds of the company by the Province would in substance be a loan of credit to a company engaged in competitive business. For it the Province would have as security whatever portion of the company's assets lay within the Province, and only the continually successful operation of the company would secure the Province against being called upon to redeem its obligations to pledge.

As far as grain dealing business is subject to vicissitudes of many kinds it may fairly be held that to pledge the credit of the Province on behalf of a concern engaged in such business, and with no collateral security would be a course attended by some risk. Nor would it seem to be fair to require the government-owned elevators or farmer-owned elevators, but elevators owned and managed by a company which—though composed of farmers—is operated for the ordinary purpose of earning dividends for its shareholders.

A course of that kind would break away from, and still one which could not be followed indefinitely without involving danger. If the bonds of one trading company were guaranteed, how could a guarantee be refused another company upon equal security? And if a guarantee were given to one company, how could it be reasonably refused to companies handling or proposing to handle other kinds of farm produce? Where, either in amount or in variety, would the demand for guarantees end? Hitherto the credit of the Province has been loaned to private interests, but only to facilitate the construction of railways. The railway being a common carrier it cannot be urged that a loan of credit for this purpose is a favor extended to any particular class in the community, instead of being for the general advantage of all. And even to secure the vital needs of railroads the public will not be compelled only as a means of necessity and because the facilities cannot be secured without it. It is admitted, though, that even to secure railway construction the Provincial credit must be loaned with discretion, and only upon the most unquestionable security. If we are asked to give up our credit, it is obviously necessary that we exercise the utmost caution in lessening the value of our credit, by restricting its use to the one purpose to which it has been devoted, and by exercising prudence as to what extent it is involved even in this line of enterprise.

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COMPLICATED SYSTEM
PUZZLES AND CONFUSSES

Free Delivery on South Side Necessary
Statute Education of Correspondents
in Free Delivery in Manufacturing...

The Royal Canadian Post Office of His Majesty is here at last. The mail addressed to box numbers or to general delivery or simply to the post office cannot be delivered to the addressee unless he goes to the post office to receive it. The C.P.R. on the South side...

Votes List Useful Director.

One of the most important directories in the last revised voter's list, but is omitted from the address. It is not known how it will solve the problem. It may happen that until the fourth letter is received, the addressee may not have been a tenant.

The letter carriers for the residents of the city will be receiving letters from the four corners of the earth and all their correspondents will have to be educated in the art of correctly addressing the four cornered system of street and avenue names. A W or an S will necessitate delay in the delivery of the letter to the addressee. The name may not be correctly written by a correspondent living thousands of miles away.

In 1913 several citizens moved across to the South side and changed their addresses. These citizens had only lived three miles away and yet the change of address necessitated the adding of the double N. W. or otherwise as the case may be.

But the rules of the post office department do not allow the postmen to divide into four quarters the letter upon which the four

THE ALBERTA ELECTRIC PROTECTION COMPANY

LIMITED

STOCK NOW FOR SALE AT THE OFFICE OF
J. E. HAYES & CO.,
206-207 Purvis Bldg., Cor. of First St. & Jasper Ave., EDMONTON

IF only the banks of Edmonton installed the protective service supplied by The Alberta Electric Protection Company, the returns would be sufficient to place the company on a dividend paying basis from the first.

There are 39 banks in Edmonton. In eastern Canadian cities a bank pays \$30.00 per month for the protection supplied by such a company as The Alberta Electric Protection Company, and on this basis the monthly income from furnishing a protection service to the 39 banks of Edmonton would be \$1170, and the annual income \$14,400.

Then there are the jewelry stores, fur stores and trust and loan companies, all of which will install at least the burglar alarm system, and the factories, packing plants, wholesale houses, business blocks and stores, which will have use for the fire alarm service, the night watchman patrol service and the automatic sprinkler systems.

Business Houses Welcome It

Jackson Bros., the well-known Edmonton firm of jewelers, have signed a contract with the Alberta Electric Protection Company for the installation on their premises of a burglar and fire alarm system and the maintenance of a night watch patrol. Here is what they say regarding the system in a letter to the company: "We are much pleased with the system you are to install on our premises, i.e. burglar and fire alarm and night watch patrol. Enclosed find signed contract for same. We have been hoping for some time that a concern of this kind would start in operation here, as we know they have been a satisfactory security in the east, and there is no reason why it should not be a success in the west."

Mr. George Brown, owner of the new Pantages Theatre now under construction at Second and Jasper, has contracted for the installation of the fire protection feature of the system in his new building, and he says the following in a letter to the company: "I am more than pleased to be able to subscribe for a service of this sort, for I have felt the need of it myself in Edmonton for some time. I am personally conversant with the workings of a system of this sort, having seen similar systems in the east, and I have little doubt but that your company will meet with a great success in this city and Calgary."

A PERMANENT INVESTMENT

There isn't a single share of stock for sale in any of the protective companies operating in Eastern Canada, and this will be the case with the Alberta Electric Protection Company in a very short time. The company is entering into a substantial business that will pay substantial dividends, and the stockholders will find that they have made an investment they cannot better in any other field of activity.

Here is a proposition worthy of a business man's consideration—an opportunity to help build up and to participate in the profits of a business applying an urgent need in Alberta cities; and a business that will grow and become more profitable every year.

\$75,000 WORTH OF STOCK IN THE ALBERTA ELECTRIC PROTECTION COMPANY IS BEING OFFERED AT PAR IN SHARES OF \$10.00 EACH, PAYABLE AS FOLLOWS:

\$1.00 on Application
\$2.00 on Allotment

\$2.00 in Thirty Days
\$5.00 in Six Months

THE ALBERTA ELECTRIC PROTECTION CO.

CLIP THIS OUT AND MAIL TODAY.

The Alberta Electric Protection Co.
Suite 206-207 Purvis Block,
PHONE 5760

Edmonton.

Bear Sirs,

Please send me prospectus and full particulars regarding your company, as advertised in the Edmonton Bulletin.

Name

Address

Suite 206-207
Purvis Building

PHONE 5760

EDMONTON

COR. OF JASPER AND FIRST

EDMONTON

DIRECTORS.

BANKERS.

Robin H. Steel, Edmonton.

Louis James Wolf, Edmonton.

Charles S. Morrison, Edmonton.

The Royal Bank of Canada.

AUDITOR.

H. A. Steel, Edmonton.

SOLICITOR.

J. M. Bow, Edmonton.

PURVIS BLOCK

PHONE 5760

EDMONTON

COR. OF JASPER AND FIRST

COURT GIVES LYONS 13 DAYS

TO DISPOSE OF HIS CLOTHING AND SHOE STOCK AT 277 JASPER AVE. E.

Notice!

I wish to sell the remaining furniture and fixtures not already sold, and will make prices on them low enough to sell if taken soon; can give possession of them February 1st.

A FEW DAYS AGO we published a Supreme Court Summons for Mr. Lyons to appear in Court for a hearing on the grounds of an over-holding tenant. The Landlord wanted him thrown out at once, however, the Judge realizing his unfortunate predicament has kindly granted him 13 days more to remain in order to dispose of his Clothing and Shoe Stock. While it's a mighty big task to sell so much merchandise in so short a time, we're going to do it. WE MUST SELL AT ALL HAZARDS, as we are utterly unable to secure another location to move into at once.

THE WHOLE STORE IS NOW IN PERFECT BARGAIN ASSEMBLAGE

We Expected

The Court to give us a longer time to close out this stock of Clothing and Shoes, but must accept the verdict as final. Our prices are now low enough to sell the whole works by February 1st.

\$20,000 STOCK NOW AT THE PUBLIC'S MERCY

Which means that the Prices on this Splendid Stock will be the Lowest Ever Made Before

A Mighty Avalanche of Stupendous Bargains In Clothing!

300 Suits

Worth regular to \$15.00;
Cut to

6.45

200 Suits

In Blue Serge, newest
and best; regular \$25.00

16.95

Overcoats

Sold regular up to \$18.00
Cut to

8.95

Overcoats

Imitation Persian Lamb
Lined and Collar; worth
\$26.00; now

13.95

Suits

Regular to \$18.00;
Cut to

8.45

Boys' Coats

\$4.50 Reifers and Long
Overcoats

2.95

Men's Pants

Regular \$2.50 and \$3.00;
Cut to

1.95

| | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------|--------|
| \$2.50 Heavy Wool Blankets | | \$1.75 |
| \$3.50 Wool Blankets, 7-lbs., now | | \$2.15 |
| \$7.00 Sheep-Lined Coats | | \$4.95 |
| \$5.50 Sheep-Lined Coats | | \$3.65 |

Caps, Gloves, Mittens and small
Furnishings all equally reduced.

\$1.45

95c

95c

25c

\$3.95

65c

Stetson Hats

Regular \$5 Stetson Hats,
now

2.95

Shirts

American Dress Shirts,
were \$1.50

75c

Sweaters

Regular \$2.50 Wool
Sweater Coats

95c

Work Shoes

Lot worth regular up to

\$4.00; Cut to

1.25

Derbies

In new blocks, regular

\$2.50 and \$3.00

1.45

Hats

Regular \$1.50 Felt Hats,
all colors, now

75c

Caps

Men's Wool Kersey Caps,
for bands; were \$1.50,
now

75c

LYONS'

277
Jasper E.

CANADA WILL BE GIVEN PARCEL POST SYSTEM

(Continued from Page One)

...with whatever changes might be necessary, of the United States system.

West's Approval.

Mr. Martin, of Regina, said that if the government had in mind any extension of the parcel post system, he would like to see it made available to the general public and both sides of the House would be in full agreement. He said that opposition there was from the express companies. He pointed out that the express companies cost a break in the Niagara peninsula, cost two dollars express to lay down a wire, and the telephone company sent to the Western cities cost more for express than the actual repairs or the replacement with new equipment.

Dr. M. Clark, of Red Deer, said that he had had a lengthy conference with the old country and perhaps nothing in the public service there brought greater happiness than the welfare of the home of all classes of people. He had received many letters from his constituents urging him to support the scheme and he commented the scheme to the government's attention.

Conservative Endorse.

Mr. McLean (North Oxford), said he was forced to the conclusion that the express companies were very much overcharging. In Ontario there

were fair rates on farm products, but on other small articles the rates were outrageous. He admitted it was natural that the express companies stores much more than they had lost (already) and an effort to reduce it.

A barrel of apples, for which he paid \$1.50, weighed 15 lbs. and cost him 15 cents extra. He said, "I am not in a position to charge 15 cents for 15 lbs. of carrots." He said the same is true of carrots their green to charge."

J. E. Armstrong (Lethbridge East), who was present, said he saw the members of the opposition taking an interest in this question. He said he had been asked by Mr. Lemire what the department had urged upon Mr. Lemire as to the desirability of establishing a parcel post system. The express companies are seeking their own downfall. When they are in a position to charge 15 cents for 15 lbs. of carrots, they will be in a position to charge 15 cents for 15 lbs. of carrots their green to charge."

Mr. Lemire, for carrying on the discussion, said that the inauguration of this new system was well worth the expense as it was well known that the express companies were not giving all the service for which they charged.

Mr. Armstrong caused the view that the establishment of a parcel post system would compete with the express companies. Conditions might not be suitable for a complete system, such as they have in England, but there is no reason

why we should not establish a system which would have its origins on the Canadian soil. It would be of great advantage to the people of a community, more particularly in a rural community, to have a postmaster-general responsible for the delivery of mail.

He considered the present postmaster-general deserved credit for having given to this question a ready hearing.

A ready answer, for which he had given a ready answer, was given by Mr. Armstrong. He said that the department had been advised that a solution had been arrived at it was discovered that the express companies had been giving all the service for which they charged.

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SCENIC ROADS IN THE PROVINCE

(Continued from Page One.)

G. R. Armstrong and Ald. Tipton on the subject of the proposed new roads for the highways and to the board of trade at a late date.

The movement to make Edmonton the capital of the province in more ways than legislative. My first idea would be to adopt a garden club similar to those in the United States.

There exists two natural routes for coast roads, the river and the mountains. We would have the Dominion government grant a grant of land for a roadway along the river from the eastern boundary of the city to Jasper Park to Banff. Next I think we ought to try and work out in competition with the express companies the whole of Canada, including places where express companies don't go.

Hon. Mr. Lemire expressed his opinion that the scheme was a good one. His resolution had been received and in view of the statements of the postmaster-general, withdrew his resolution.

Mr. Armstrong informed the House that as the result of the inauguration of a parcel post in the United States, the express companies had to give up their services to the highroads and to the board of trade at a late date.

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FOR SALE - REAL ESTATE

McEACHERN
Real Estate Agents

NAMAXO AVE.

\$1200-North Ave., for lot 16, block 26, 30' L. 12' wide, term 3 years, \$100 per month.

\$1000 each-Delton, for lot 16, block 18, 30' L. 12' wide terms 3 years, cash, bal. 6, 12 months.

DELTON

A PWY. of the Best Boys in This Section.

\$200 each-Delton, for lots 6, 12 and 18 months.

1 term 1 year, cash, bal. 6, 12 and 18 months.

\$200 each-Delton, for lots 3 and 9, block 24, 1 term, 1 year cash, bal. 6, 12 and 18 months.

\$1500 each-Delton, for lots 3 and 4, block 34; terms 1-2 years, bal. 6 and 12 months.

\$1500 each-Delton, for lot 18, block 12; terms 1-2 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

EVANSTON

\$600 each-Evanston, for lots 82 and 84, block 12; terms 1-4 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

\$800 each-Evanston, for lots 78 and 80, block 22; terms 1-4 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

\$200 each-Evanston, for lot 12, block 17; terms 1-2 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

NORWOOD

\$250-Norwood, for lot 19, block 60; 1-2' cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

\$250-Norwood, for lot 4, block 7; terms 1-2 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

\$250-Norwood, for lot 21, block 61; terms 1-2 years, cash, bal. 6 and 12 months.

ALBERTA AVE.

\$300-Alberta Ave., for lot 2, block 10; Evanston; \$100 cash and balance in 6 and 12 months.

W. WEEKS & CO.

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance,

20 White Ave., Edmonton South, Alberta.

INSIDE PROPERTY

Near Cars, on water and sewer, can always be bought on credit in big re-

turns.

Six lots in Block 125 at \$1800 each.

Two lots in Block 125 at \$1700 each.

Two lots in Block 120 at \$1700 each.

Four lots in Block 121 at \$1500 each.

Two lots in Block 5 at \$1500 each.

One lot in Block 5 at \$1500 each.

40' x 50' each.

Votes of thanks were duly

appended.

The annual meeting of the parishes

of St. Paul's was held on Tues-

day evening in the church room when

reports of the various organizations

and the financial statement showed

that satisfactory progress had been

made during the past year in every

department.

Signed on behalf of the officers and

members of the Edmonton city police

department was Silas H. Carpenter,

John C. Hart, John G. Goss,

Thomas Anderson; by delegates

to diocesan synod, Messrs. T. F. Swail,

John C. Thompson, J. W. Goss,

John C. Hart, John G. Goss.

Votes of thanks were also given by

the Very Rev. Dr. C. M. R. and Mr. Cyril G. Watson.

On Saturday evening there were

freshments, which were enjoyed by

those present, while they listened to

the singing of the choirs of the

National Anthems brought to a close

an interesting and profitable meeting.

At 9:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 10:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 11:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 12:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 1:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 2:30 the meeting adjourned and

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which were enjoyed by those present.

At 3:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 4:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 5:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 6:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 7:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

At 8:30 the meeting adjourned and

the W. A. S. served refreshments,

which were enjoyed by those present.

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300 TINSMITHS ARE NOW OUT OF WORK

Union Stop. Men refuse to accept Scale of Wages offered by Employers, and in Consequence They Did not work yesterday morning.

Over three hundred sheet metal workers of the city representing 1,500 men, have been out of work today, following the decision of the Sheet Metal Manufacturers Association to reduce wages at a general meeting Tuesday night.

The executive resolved from an emergency session of the association to the union a week ago, calling for a scaling down of 40 cents to 30 cents to be started in plant to place the scale of 40 cents. By that arrangement each worker was to receive a stipulated wage depending upon his age and his experience in the trade.

When put to a vote at a union meeting held Wednesday, January 8, the agreement was unanimously rejected. Few of the workmen were in favor of the reduction, and the resolution was passed condemning it. Since this meeting there have been several additional meetings without any decision being reached.

MONK STATES REASONS FOR HIS RESIGNATION

Unable to Concur in Decision to Give
State Aid Contribution, Which He
Believes Is Contrary to Constitutional Act of 1867.

Ottawa, Jan. 15.—The correspondence between Sir H. H. F. D. Monk, late member of parliament, and Premier Borden, before the resignation of the former of his portfolio on October 15, has been published. There were only two letters, the one from the ex-minister, handing in his resignation, and the reply of the Premier accepting it. Mr. Monk states in his letter that he could not concur in a decision arrived at to place an emergency contribution of \$25,000,000 at the disposal of the British government, as it would give the Canadian people an opportunity to express their approval. Such a contribution would be an acknowledgment of state aid, he said, with his pledge. He believed that the Act went beyond the scope of the Constitution, and that it was unconstitutional, with an expression of regret on account of his negative relations at all times with the Borden government.

The Premier accepted the resignation with regret, and added in his letter that he had been unable to completely dislodge from his mind a suggestion which had been placed before him by His Majesty's Government, that the Canadian government should accept the judgment of the Premier, the minister of immediate and effective aid with the other imperial dominions in the Dominion as part of the British Empire. Such a step was, however, of a character which would immediately dislodge from a permanent policy of co-operation in Imperial defense, and it was decided to let him go to be placed before the people for their consideration and approval. The return of the Canadian delegation at the regret at the resignation of Mr. Monk, as the Premier recognized and appreciated the services which Mr. Monk had given to the duties of his office and also the very great assistance which he had given in the consideration which the Premier had always received at the hands of Mr. Monk.

BRITISH LAWYERS THINKING IN GOLF

"Now, Then, Drive on the Tee," Said
Justice Chamberlain When Witness
Testified.

London, Jan. 15.—A jury, which included Anthony Hope Hawkins, gave Mrs. Evelyn Margaret Gaynor, a widow, a verdict of guilty on a charge of assault against Commander Buckland, representing the committee of the Club, in a case in which she had been in conflict in suspending her as a member of the club. The libel charge failed.

As showing the hold golf has, the following dialogue during the trial is probably not unrepresentative in an English court of law:

Counsel was asking a witness as to the language used about Mrs. Gaynor, who was charged with having hit Justice Chamberlain said:

"Now, then, drive on the tee," added the counsel for the plaintiff.

"And then you drive on," added the counsel for the defendant.

"The witness would never take a man's name in vain, so far as the defendant, having regard to the position of my learned friend."

"I think Buckland would be better," rejoined the counsel for the plaintiff.

The witness finally answered the question in a fowling manner.

Stevens on Record.

Hallifax, Jan. 14.—The gall on the steamer "Dominion" made the afternoon failed to relieve the liner. The cargo is being removed.

DUKE MAY NOT SEEK EXTENSION OF TERM AS GOVERNOR-GENERAL

London, Jan. 15.—The imminent arrival of the Duke of Connaught, in view of the precarious position of the Duchess, who is suffering an attack of the term of office as governor-general of the Dominion.

It is understood that the Duke will seek obtain special leave from his regimen to proceed immediately to Canada if more unfavorable news was received.

The Duchess' illness has caused considerable anxiety here and health care are being rapidly watched.

HON. A. G. MACKAY WILL NOT RESIGN AT PRESENT.

Owen Sound, Ont., Jan. 15.—Hon. A. G. Mackay, who has resign his seat in North Grey, owing to his removal to Edmonton, is desirous to have the seat returned to him, which says: "Hon. A. G. Mackay has in a letter recently given me to read, which I will not repeat at present. Apparently, he has been advised with others, who have advised him not to throw the riding into a political contest like the Winter election, and therefore, endeavor to attend at least part of the forthcoming session."

Wireless Stations In North Country

Proposal to Establish System Extending From the Landing to Herschell Island

Bulletin Special—Ottawa, Jan. 15.—A proposal to establish a system of wireless stations from Athabasca Landing down the Mackenzie river to Herschell island, and from there to Rampart House, in the Yukon, was discussed at a meeting of the Canadian Wireless Telegraph Co. Ltd., which was held between Dr. Thompson, M.P. for the Yukon; Bishop Stricker, M.P. for the Yukon; Mr. D. C. Scott, president of the astronomical department.

The feasibility of the plan was fully discussed and the plan will be laid before the government very shortly. It is proposed that the establishment of a chain of such stations would greatly aid in the securing of the wireless service in the Far North and in the opening up of the country.

It would also be of great assistance to the Royal Northwest Mounted Police and would help them to combat such a tragedy as that of the fittings with his three colleagues. It is proposed that the wireless station will be of considerable value to the meteorological department, as it would afford a means of communication from which to make forecasts and to keep in touch with a now almost unknown territory.

GERMANY BEACHES N.Y. BY WIRELESS.

Berlin, Jan. 15.—The wireless station at Nauen reports that the first wireless communication with New York yesterday. This is said, is the first time that wireless communication has been established between Germany and New York.

Laurier's Trade Policy Endorsed by Earl Grey

Former Governor-General Takes Exception to the Anti-Imperialist Charges of Austen Chamberlain—Advocates of Reciprocity as Loyal as Chamberlain Himself.

London, Jan. 15.—The Times this morning published a letter from Earl Grey, in which he takes exception to the way in which Austen Chamberlain referred to Canadian affairs in his speech on Monday night.

"One desire to protest," he says, against the assumption that Sir Wilfrid Laurier's policy of reducing free trade in the United States showed any want of imperial spirit on his part. On the contrary, it is believed by Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues that the free trade movement in the United States first developed in the protected market of over \$20,000,000 people would add greatly to the wealth of Canada and thus create an increased market for the protected manufacturers of Canada.

Under such conditions, they fear that the fate of reciprocity, if possible, may go further and say that it is not improbable, that had this policy been accepted by the people of Canada, the British empire would have given up its colonies.

"As one who dears to secure the nearest possible approximation to inter-imperial free trade, I am anxious to see the removal of each of the self-governing units of the Empire will permit, I am inclined to agree with those who believe that the adoption of the reciprocity principle might have been a wise policy to meet the needs of inter-imperial free trade which is so dear to the heart of Austen Chamberlain."

No, sir, Wilfrid's policy was not confined in any way to imperial free trade, but extended to the whole of Canada, as to the character of the American ambitions and this had much influence in causing the Canadian people to reject the reciprocity principle.

It is believed that Mr. Chamberlain himself, in his speech, did not mean to say that he intended to spend their last dollar and their last drop of blood in any struggle necessary to maintain the integrity of the Empire."

Judge's Old Friends, Brother and Sister, at Litigation

Mr. Justice Walsh Hears Case in Which Brother and Sister, After Years' Intimacy Quarreled Over Money Matters—Judge Regrets That Case Came to Court.

This case should never have been brought into court," said Mr. Justice Walsh, after hearing the evidence in a case brought by Mrs. Marjorie James, widow of Robert Hunter, for an accounting of the affairs of her late brother Robert, whose estate had been left to her by her husband, James Hunter, of Innisfree, the well-known stockman, late of Blera, Ontario, and who had known the Jameses well in life, and, according to the evidence, they had been on very friendly terms for many years, for twelve or thirteen years, when the death of their brother, Robert, and the quieting of his estate took place.

Mr. Justice Walsh said he had obtained special leave from his regimen to proceed immediately to Canada if more unfavorable news was received.

The record of the proceedings, notes paid to Mrs. Philip by the defendant who said that those notes represented his portion of the estate left by his brother. On the other hand, Mrs. Philip contended that these

FEW INCREASES TO BE DEMANDED THIS YEAR

Building Trades Council in Winnipeg
Plans to Secure Increase
Payments, Lathers, Asbestos Workers
and Marble Workers the Only
Men to Seek Increases P.A.T.

Winnipeg, Jan. 15.—The Building Trades Council held its first meeting for 1913 at the Labor Temple last evening. The main point of the schedule of all trades engaged in building in the city was the principal item of discussion. The number and attendance of delegates. The various trades were considered individually, and the amount of increase of pay in each case brought out considerable discussion. In the case of the bricklayers, the masons, the carpenters, the plumbers and the steam engineers, it was decided that no increase on the present rates be asked for.

The trades in which increases will be demanded are: Sawmills, Painters, Glaziers, Bricklayers, Painters, Builders, Plasterers, Asbestos Workers, etc.; Marble Workers, etc. It was decided that the demand will go into effect March 1st next.

WHISKEY FOR PICKLES FOUND IN OWEN SOUND

Daring Plot to Smuggle in Whiskey
to Dry Town is Disclosed—Laquer Company of Barrels and
Barrels Bearing Pickle Labels.

Owen Sound, Jan. 15.—License Inspector Beckett has uncovered a daring plot to smuggle in large quantities of whiskey into the town. He received information that a shipment had been sent to the city, and investigation found that it had been hidden in 111, M. Bonded Warehouses.

The barrels were turned over to him. Three barrels were each found to contain four gallons of a mixture of Seagram's "Old Blend" of whiskey.

The barrels were sent as containing pickles, the bottles carried a pickle label, of which one was found to have been tampered with. Some barrels had been issued to all the oil companies connected with the warehouse and to the shippers of the whiskey.

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BANQUET TO CHEW.

New York, Jan. 15.—Sir William Grenfell, and other members of the British crew of the liner "Bremen" which brought home the body of Whitehead Held, ambassador of Great Britain, were entertained at a luncheon at the Hotel Plaza by the British Consul of the United States. Joe Choate was toastmaster. The gathering included Sir Edward Grey, Sir Alexander Tennyson, Sir Ernest Shackleton, Robert E. Peary, Chauncey M. Devine, and Miss Blanche D. Evans, widow of "Fighting Bob." She was the only woman present.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

BLACKFALDS.

Bulletin News Service.
There is a great deal of travel between this point and the Mounties' House, which is not unusual for 169 men to go out from here Saturday, and there is always a large bunch returning Sunday.

C. La Blanche, of the Imperial Hotel, has had six officers for the探员 in the past week, and the number of the old school on the C. & G. is also increasing.

The C. & G. has already increased its complement of men, and is doing the same again now.

The latest news is they have bought another quarter.

Mr. McLean, the large railway contractor, is working about three months longer in the town.

Mr. McLean's Red Deer, is opening up a gravel pit in the spring. He is putting in a \$15,000 plant and will have a good income.

Mrs. Sweet, who has been serving the Red Deer men with her services Mr. T. Sweet, leaves for Calgary on Monday.

No theater left Ed. Vancouver last week.

The election for the Local Improvement Fund was held yesterday day next. Mr. Williams and Mr. Eaton are candidates.

The Mr. and Mrs. H. H. both own grave plots just outside the town. They decided both to be opened up at the same time.

Mr. Carson, one of the proprietors of the Mounties' New Hotel, Mountain House, set for headquarters.

Blackfalds is in need of an elevator, as the surrounding country contains many hills. When completed the following will be available:

BRITISH TERRITORIAL
FORCE OVER 260,000

Figures Showing Strength of Volun-

teer Force in Great Britain Pre-

pared for Parliament—Over One

of Force Armada Annual Train-

ing Camps.

London, Jan. 15.—According to au-

thorities issued in parliament yes-

terday, the strength of the force on

October 1, 1912, was 8,236 officers

and 262,152 non-commissioned of-

ficers and men, exclusive of uncom-

missioned officers and men put in fifteen days

and over in coming spring 1913.

Non-commissioned officers and men

failed to attend camp at all, but men

allowed to attend camp at all but

those who were absent without leave,

the number absent without leave being 37 officers and 6,019 men.

The following were the numbers of

recruits who joined the force in 1910, 1911, 1912, 1913, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918, 1919-20, 42,230; 1910-11, 29,087, and 1911-12, 57,946. Of the 50,462 men recruited in 1912, 35,840 were retained in the territorial force, while 13,542 resigned.

The cost of the force for the year ended March 31, 1912, could not be stated exactly, but was estimated at \$12,800,000.

Wrecked on Northumbrian Coast.

Newcastle, Jan. 15.—The dis-

patched coast guard vessel, the

Northumbrian, which yesterday

were lost here by the不懂的

captain, Captain Eskham

and seven men were saved. The Cal-

ifornia had left the Tyne with a full cargo. She was a vessel of 2,461 tons.

MOUNTAINOUS SEAS

SWEEP SHIP'S DECKS

Mount Temple, C.P.R. steamer, En-

counters Continuous Gales on Trip

From Antwerp to St. John-

Wounded storm in good shape.

St. John, N.B., Jan. 15.—The dis-

patched coast guard vessel, the Mount

Temple docked at the west side last

night after a terrible run of twenty-

four hours. The ship had been sweeped

during a gale, Captain Eskham

and 142 seafarers and 3,000 tons of

cargo were washed overboard.

The trip was exceedingly rough,

the steamer encountering continuous

gales from the start. The Mount

Temple on her trips has often en-

countered continuous gales and her

last trip was no exception.

The weather was extremely bad

and the ship was driven into a

series of gales.

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British Imperial Hand Bell Ringers

VOCAL SOLOS, QUARTETTES AND GLEES,
IN FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, FIFTH STREET

Friday, Jan. 17, at 8 p.m.

ADMISSION, FIFTY CENTS.

KIRKNESS STREET

Lot 25 Block 20 and Lot 19 Block 21

\$4500 Each

Half Cash, Balance 6 and 12

This is a Net Price good until Jan. 15

The IMPERIAL AGENCIES, Ltd.

Imperial Bank Building. Phone 4322.

Agreements of Sale Purchased

We Have the Money, and
Can Give Quick Action.

Allan, Killam & McKay

STOCK AND INVESTMENT BROKERS

Insurance, Loans and Real Estate.

PHONE 6757. 656 FIRST STREET

24th Street Special

TWO DOUBLE CORNERS ON TWENTY-FOURTH STREET
CLOSE IN; \$7500 EACH; DOUBLE CORNER; \$3000 CASH
BALANCE 6, 12 AND 18 MONTHS.

A REAL BARGAIN

GEO. P. DOBSON & CO.

119 JASPER AVE. WEST. PHONE 1337

DOMINION SQUARE

Is acreage, not lots. Each 10 acre tract is surrounded by a 40 foot street, and subdivided into ten parcels. These acre parcels will not be broken. Two or three persons may combine, however, in buying one or more acres.

This land is on Norton Street, half a mile north of Fairmont, adjoining Northview Park, and south of Gordon Park. Look it up. In lots? No! In acres! Prices \$475 an acre and up. Come quick and secure some of this.

A. H. Meneely Land Co., Phone 5808

Room 13, Alberta Loan Building, 656 First Street.

EDDY'S SILENT PARLOR MATCHES

Made of the best corky pine. Every stick a match—Every match a light. Well packed so that a match may readily be extracted in the dark—no fumbling, with the inevitable spilling of the matches.

AND ABOVE ALL
EDDY'S

HERE
SINCE
1854

A surety of the best possible quality and full count.

INQUEST INTO ITALIAN MURDER CASE IS OPENED

Peter Roberto Gives Evidence Indicating Murderer as Bruno Roberts.

HAS BEEN MISSING
SINCE DAY OF TRAGEDY

He Was Seen to Go to the Room
Where Sukkot Damasi
Was Shot.

THE URANIUM IS
STILL HARD AND
FAST ON ROCKS

Hamburg-American Liner Rests
in Position in Which She
Struck.

STEAMERS ATTEMPT
TO DRAG HER OFF SHOAL

Should Gale From East Blow up
Steamer Could Not be
Salvaged.

That the number of Salvators Damasi was connected to the missing Italian, Bruno Roberto, was the general opinion at the inquest hearing on the subject of the tragedy, according to the statement of Peter Roberto, one of the two brothers who were present at the inquest, at the corner of 10th and 11th Streets, yesterday. Peter stated that he was the first person who found the body of the man who had been shot. The murdered man had gone upstairs at 11 o'clock, accompanied by Bruno Roberto and Damasi, and Peter Roberto did not know, but whom he once identified in the person of Frank Coselli, one of the men who had been shot, as the latter's being brought to court.

Came Down Before Sheriff.
Peter Roberto said that when he came down from the room where Bruno was found, he had heard the sound of many carols. Nor did Peter state that he had come to the house about 11 o'clock, but he had seen if he had come down the stairs.

On the day of the tragedy, Peter Roberto stated that Damasi, who was a roomer there but boarded with a cousin, had come to the house about 11 o'clock, and that he had seen him again at 12 o'clock, when he had heard the sound of many carols.

Coroner Peritis: What was Damasi doing when he was shot?

Peter Roberto: He was sitting by the stove and talking.

Coroner Peritis: Did he carry his gun when he came down from the room where Bruno was found?

Peter Roberto: He was sitting by the stove and talking.

Coroner Peritis: What was Damasi doing when he was shot?

Peter Roberto: He was sitting by the stove and talking.

Coroner Peritis: What was Bruno doing when he was shot?

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